

Go over homework circular motion
Theory for the flying pig lab next class
Banking
go over test

eg. 1. You drive a car at 20.0m/s around a corner radius 40.0 m.

a) what is the acceleration of the car?

$$a = v^2/r = (20.0\text{m/s})^2/40.0\text{m} = 400 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2/40\text{m}$$
$$a = 10.0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

towards the centre of the circular path.

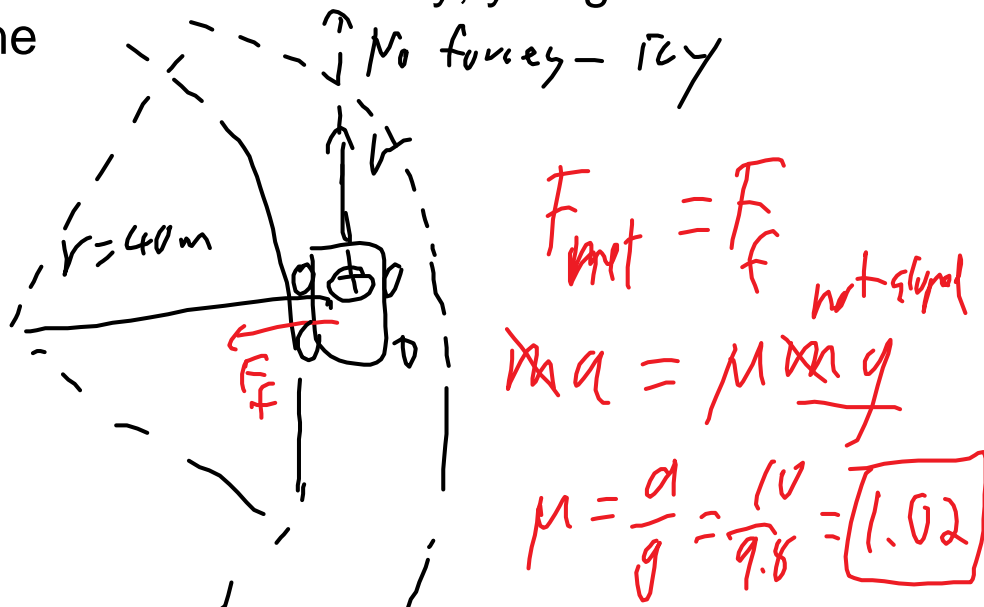
b) what is the net force on the 500.0 kg car?

$$F_{\text{net}} = ma = 500.0\text{kg} \times 10.0\text{m/s}^2 = 5.00 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$$

towards the centre of the circular path

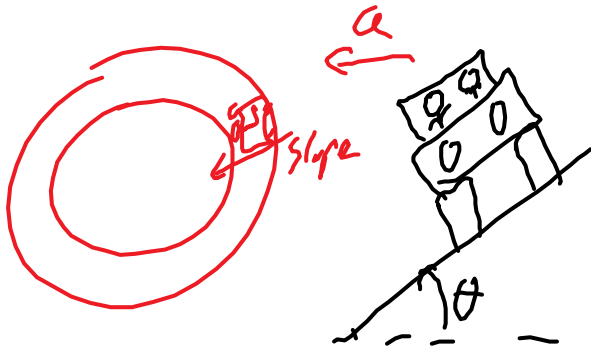
c) what is the minimum coefficient of friction to keep the car from skidding?

friction is the only force holding the car in the circular path - if the road is icy, you go in a straight line



d) you can slope the road to help cars go

around corners. What angle of slope would best work for the above scenario?



if θ is perfect
for v and r

$$F_c = 0$$



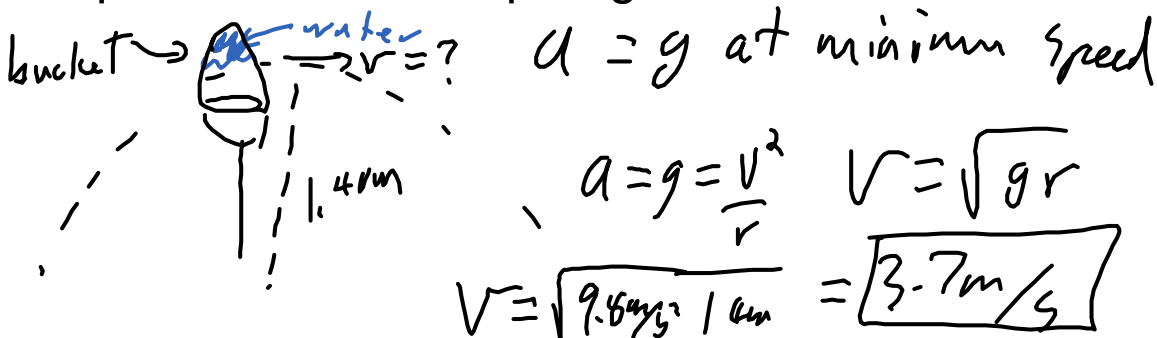
$$\tan \theta = \frac{v^2}{r g}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{a}{g} = \frac{v^2}{r g} = \tan \theta$$

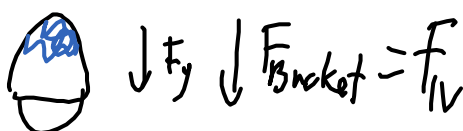
$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{(20 \text{ m/s})^2}{40 \text{ m} (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)} \right) = 45.6^\circ$$

1. You swing a bucket of water in a vertical plane.

a) what is the minimum speed of the bucket to keep the water from spilling out? $r=1.40\text{m}$



b) What is the force on 2.0 kg of water from the bucket i) at the top?



$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$a = \frac{(20 \text{ m/s})^2}{40 \text{ m}} = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$\downarrow t_y \downarrow F_{\text{bucket}} = T_{IV}$
 $a = \frac{(2\pi r f)^2}{r} = 4\pi^2 r f^2$
 $F_g + F_N = F_{\text{net}} = ma$
 $a = 4\pi^2 (1.40) \left(\frac{2}{s}\right)^2$

$F_N = F_{\text{net}} - mg = 2kg(221 \text{ m/s}^2 - 9.8) = \boxed{423 \text{ N}}$
 $a = 221 \text{ m/s}^2$

c)

d) ii) at the side iii) at the bottom if you are swinging the bucket with a radius of 1.40 m

2 revolutions per second. $\leftarrow f = \frac{\text{cycles}}{s}$ $v = \frac{d}{t} = \frac{2\pi r}{T} = 2\pi r f$

ii)



$F = 2kg(221 \text{ m/s}^2) = 442 \text{ N}$

iii)



$F_N - F_g = ma$

$F_N = ma + mg = 2kg(221 \text{ m/s}^2 + 9.8)$

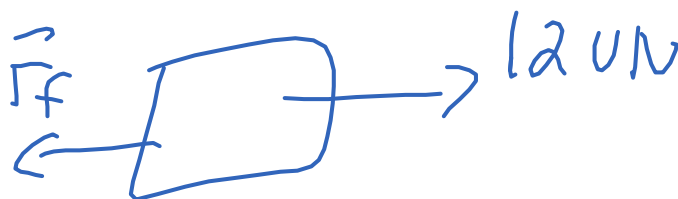
$\boxed{F_N = 462 \text{ N}}$ at bottom

p119 questions 1-5, p120 problems 1-15 odds

note q15 is really hard, have fun.

p123 General Problems 52, 57

Lab next class - not in labbook

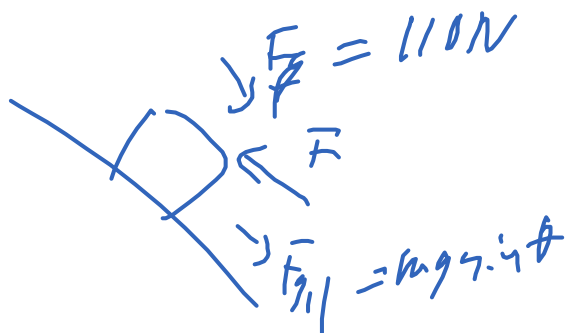


$F_r = \mu F_N = \mu m g$

$$120\text{ N} - \mu (35)(9.8) = 35 (1.4) \quad m \cdot a$$

$$\mu = 0.17$$

$$13 \quad F = ma = (4.0 \text{ kg})(2 \text{ m/s}^2) = 8 \text{ N}$$



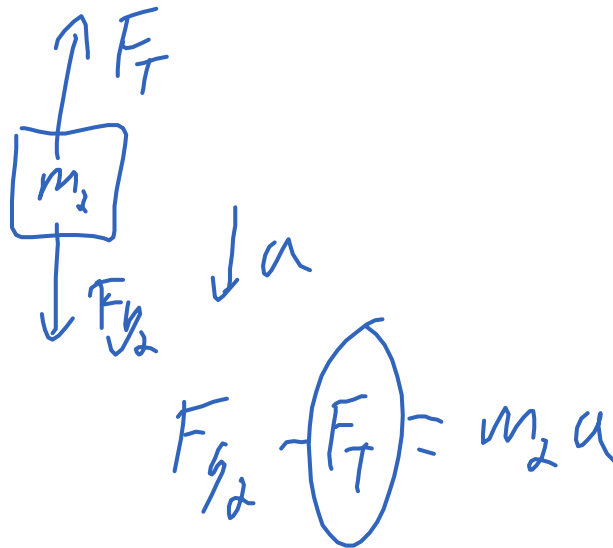
$$F = 110 \text{ N} + 15(9.8) \sin 35^\circ = 190 \text{ N}$$

$$16 \quad F_{net} = (m)a$$

$$\uparrow 7 + 1 + 5 \text{ kg}$$

$$5 \text{ kg}(9.8) - 1 \text{ kg}(9.8) = 13 a$$

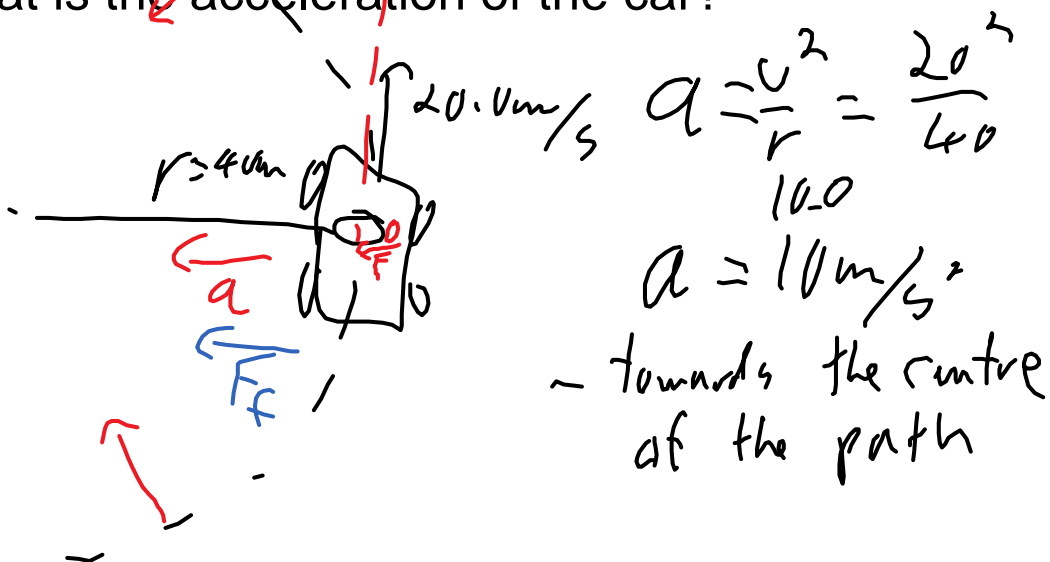
$$a = 3.0 \text{ m/s}^2$$



Block 2-3

eg. 1. You drive a car at 20.0m/s around a corner radius 40.0 m.

a) what is the acceleration of the car?



b) what is the net force on the 500.0 kg car?

$$F_{\text{net}} = ma = 500 \times 10 = 5,000 = 5.00 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$$

towards the centre of the circular path

b) what is the minimum coefficient of friction to

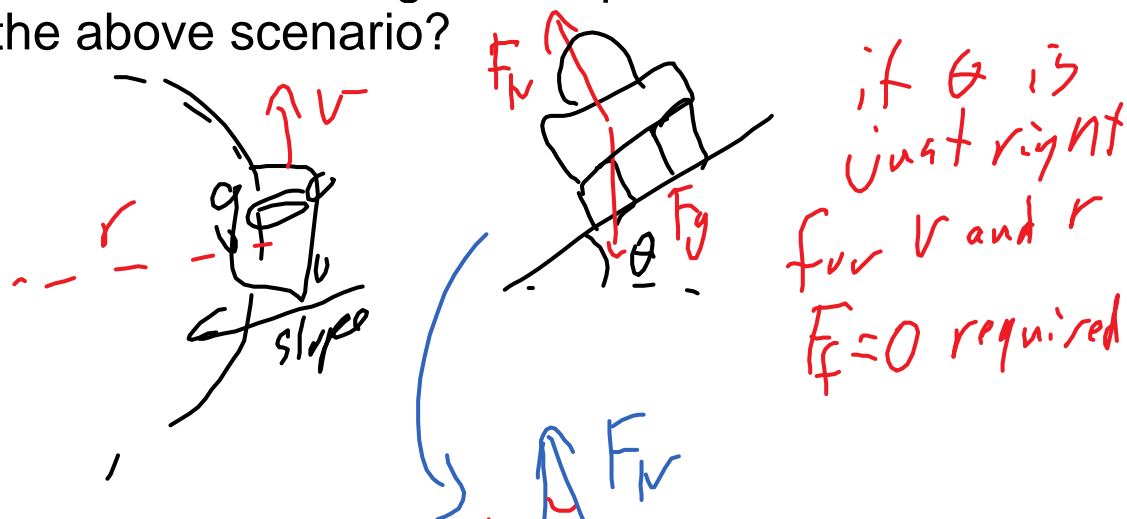
keep the car from skidding?

$$\mu = \frac{F_f}{F_N} = \frac{F_{\text{net}}}{F_g} = \frac{5000 \text{ N}}{500 \text{ kg} \times 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}} = \boxed{1.02}$$

big
No
units

tires are about 0.7

d) you can slope the road to help cars go around corners. What angle of slope would best work for the above scenario?



$$\tan \theta = \frac{v^2}{rg}$$

$$F_{\text{net}} = ma = m \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$\boxed{\tan \theta = \frac{v^2}{rg}} = \frac{20^2}{40(9.8)}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{10 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2} = \boxed{45.6^\circ}$$

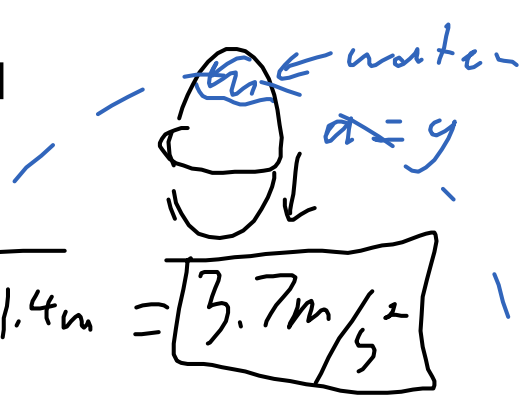
2. You swing a bucket of water in a vertical plane.

a) what is the minimum speed of the bucket to keep the water from spilling out? $r=1.40\text{m}$

$a=g$ at minimum speed



$a=g$ at minimum speed

$$a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$
$$v = \sqrt{gr} = \sqrt{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 1.4 \text{ m}} = 3.7 \text{ m/s}$$


a) What is the force on 2.0 kg of water from the bucket i) at the top? ii) at the side iii) at the bottom if you are swinging the bucket with a radius of 1.40 m 2 revolutions per second.

$f=2 \text{ rev/s}$ $a= v^2/r$ $v=d/t = 2 \pi r f = 2 \pi r/T$ where T is the period of revolution $= 1/f$

$$a = (2 \pi r/T)^2/r = 4 \pi^2 r/T^2 = 4 \pi^2 r f^2$$

on sheet

$$a = 4 \pi^2 (1.40 \text{ m}) (2 \text{ rev/s})^2 = 221 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$4 \times 3.14 \times 3.14 \times 1.4 \times 4 = 220.855$$

$$v = 2 \times 3.14 \times 1.4 \times 2 = 17.584$$

$$F_{\text{net}} = \Sigma F =$$

$$\text{top } F_N + F_g = ma$$

$$F_N = ma - mg = 2.0 \text{ kg} (221 \text{ m/s}^2 - 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$F_N = 423 \text{ N at the top}$$

middle - F_g is perpendicular, so we ignore it

$$F_N = F_{\text{net}} = 2.0 \text{ kg} \times 221 \text{ m/s}^2 = 442 \text{ N}$$

bottom F_N is up while F_g is down so

$$F_N - F_g = ma$$

$$F_N = ma + mg = 2.0 \text{ kg} (221 \text{ m/s}^2 + 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$F_N = 461 \text{ N}$ - largest at the bottom

p119 questions 1-5, p120 problems 1-15 odds
note q15 is really hard, have fun.

p123 General Problems 52, 57

Lab next class - not in labbook

Block 2-4

eg. 1. You drive a car at 20.0 m/s around a corner
radius 40.0 m .

a) what is the acceleration of the car?

$$a = v^2/r = (20.0 \text{ m/s})^2/40 \text{ m} = 400 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2/40 \text{ m} \\ = 10.0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

towards the centre of the circular path

b) what is the net force on the 500.0 kg car?


$$F_{\text{net}} = ma = 500 \text{ kg} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 = 5.00 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$$

towards the centre of the circular path

c) what is the minimum coefficient of friction to keep
the car from skidding?

Handwritten notes:

- F_f is the only F
No friction
icy



$F_f = F_{\text{net}}$

$$\mu mg = ma$$
$$\mu = \frac{a}{g} = \frac{v^2/r}{g}$$

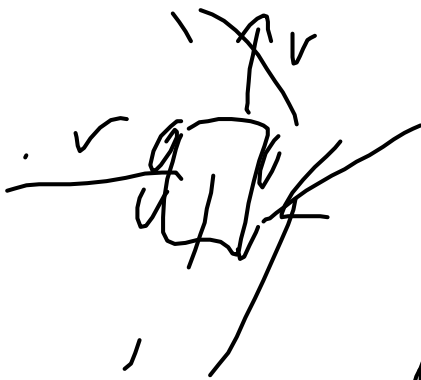
$\mu = \frac{10 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2} = 1.02$

$$\mu = \frac{10 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8} = \boxed{1.02}$$

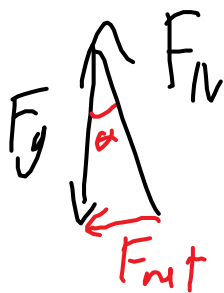
No units

tires + pavement $\mu \sim 0.7$

d) you can slope the road to help cars go around corners. What angle of slope would best work for the above scenario?



at perfect θ ,
No friction
is required



$$\tan \theta = \frac{a}{g}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{a}{g} = \frac{v^2}{rg}$$

201
(40/10)

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{10 \text{ m/s}^2}{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2} = \boxed{45.6^\circ}$$

2. You swing a bucket of water in a vertical plane.

- what is the minimum speed of the bucket to keep the water from spilling out?
- What is the force on 2.0 kg of water from the bucket i) at the top? ii) at the side iii) at the bottom if you are swinging the bucket with a radius of 1.40 m 2 revolutions per second.

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